REPORT ON

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

FOR THE PROPOSED

G+4, Boys' and Girls' Hostel, Educational Building and Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, DIET Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali

Your Letter No.- BSEIDC/Tech/1960/2018-7138 Patna, Dated - 02.09.2023

Submitted to The Chief Engineer BSEIDC, Patna

September, 2023



BIHAR FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

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G+4, Boys' and Girls' Hostel, Educational Building and Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, Diet Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali



Bihar Foundation Consultants, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna -10. [A unit of Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.]

PN -230911

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Report on Sub Soil Investigations for the Proposed Construction of G+4, Boys' and Girls' Hostel, Educational Building and Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, DIET Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali

INTRODUCTION

The subsoil investigations reported herein were taken up (vide W.O. No. BSEIDC/Tech/1960/2018-7138 Patna, Dated – 02.09.2023 to find out the nature of subsoil at the site of the proposed construction and to recommend the capacity and type of its foundation. After certain tests on the soil, as detailed below, the desired recommendations have been made on **page 3-4** of this Report.

2. FIELD WORK

The fieldwork consisted of sinking bore holes, collecting soil samples and conducting the necessary field tests.

2.1. Boring

Taking guidance from IS: 1892, 150 mm diameter bore holes were sunk at locations shown in the bore hole location map.

2.2 Sampling

2.2.1 Undisturbed Soil Samples

Open drive samplers of 100-mm diameter and about 450-mm length were used for obtaining undisturbed samples of cohesive soils. The collection, sealing, labeling and transportation of the samples to the laboratory were done as per the IS guide-lines.

2.2.2 Disturbed Soil Samples

Disturbed soil samples were collected at suitable intervals of depth (not more than 2.5 m) and at all depths of change in the nature of the subsoil. These samples were sealed in polythene bags with proper identification labels.

2.3 Field Tests

2.3.1 Standard Penetration Tests (SPT)

These tests were conducted as per IS: 2131 – 1963. The depth interval between two consecutive tests was 1 to 1.5 m. The tests were located in between the levels at which undisturbed soil samples were collected.

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3. LABORATORY TESTS

Some or all of the following laboratory tests, as necessary, were done on the collected soil samples. Representative soil samples were selected for this from the different soil strata encountered during boring. The tests were performed as per the relevant Indian Standard Codes of Practice.

- (a) Natural moisture content
- (b) Bulk density
- (c) Grain size analysis (using sieves and / or hydrometer)
- (d) Specific gravity of soil solids
- (e) Atterberg's limit tests (liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits)
- (f) Shear Tests :
 - [I] Triaxial compression test (unconsolidated undrained), generally for fine- grained soils
 - [II] Unconfined compression tests, only on cohesive soils
 - [III] Direct shear tests, generally for coarse-grained soils
- (g) Other tests as and when required.

4. PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULTS

The field and laboratory test results are given in the Appendix B.

5. SOIL STRATIFICATION

The results of field tests in three bore holes sunk at the site [vide Location Sketch in App. A] and the results of laboratory tests conducted on the collected soil samples indicate that the soil stratification at the site is as describe below.

The subsoil in all 3 BH's is silty sand / sand [type SM-SP/SP] in layers of different thicknesses and variable sequences up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl.

Ground water table was struck at about 1.30 m to 1.50 m depth below GL in September, 2023. It is subject to seasonal variations.

6. FOUNDATION ANALYSIS

The safe capacity of foundation of any type and size may be determined on the basis of the soil data given in this Report by using the standard methods of foundation design and following the relevant Indian Standard Codes. Report on Sub Soil Investigations for the Proposed Construction of G+4, Boys' and Girls' Hostel, Educational Building and Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, DIET Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

The design of the foundation for the proposed structure depends on the nature of both [a] the subsoil and [b] the structure.

The subsoil in all 3 BH's is silty sand / sand [type SM-SP/SP] in layers of different thicknesses and variable sequences up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl.

Ground water table was struck at about 1.30 m to 1.50 m depth below GL in September, 2023. It is subject to seasonal variations.

Hence,

- 1. The proposed structure may be provided with shallow foundation at a depth of 1.5 m or more.
- 2. The subsoil is silty sand. Hence placement of u/r piles is not desirable. Plane piles of lengths 4.0 m to 10.0 m with shaft diameters 0.30 m, 0.40 m, 0.50 m and 0.60 m may be adopted, using casing pipes wherever needed.

By way of example, the values of safe capacities of

[1] Shallow foundations and [2] Plane piles of the above mentioned sizes and depths have been calculated (vide Samples of Calculations in Appendix F) and the safe capacities are given below in Tables 1 and 2 respectively.

Depth (m)	Width	Net allowa	able bearing pressu	tre (t/m^2)	Maximum expected
below Ground Level	(m)	Strip footing	Square footing	Raft footing	settlement (mm)
	2	7.1	7.1		50
1.5	3	5.6	5.6		50
	10			8.0	75
	2	9.3	9.3		50
2.0	3	7.1	7.1		50
	10			8.4	75
	2	10.4	10.4		50
2.5	3	8.7	8.7		50
	10			8.7	75
	2	11.6	11.6		50
3.0	3	10.6	10.6		50
	10			9.1	75
	2	12.7	12.7		50
3.5	3	11.6	11.6		50
	10			12.2	75
	2	13.9	13.9		50
4.0	3	12.7	12.7		50
	10			12.7	75
	2	15.0	15.0		50
4.5	3	13.8	13.8		50
	10			13.1	75

 Table 1: Allowable Net Bearing Pressures [qna] and Settlements Expected [s]

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Table 2.	Safe Capacitie	es of Plane Piles
[Factor of sa	afety = 3 in skin f	friction and bearing]

Pile length [m]	m]												
[]	0.30 m	0.40 m	0.50 m	0.60 m									
4.0	2.6	4.0	5.7	7.7									
6.0	5.0	8.0	11.1	14.7									
8.0	7.1	12.1	18.2	23.7									
10.0	9.3	15.9	24.1	33.9									

**For a preliminary checking of the slenderness ratio, the modulus of subgrade reaction (k) (a) <u>for cohesive soils</u> may be estimated from the following empirical relation given in IS: 2950-1981 (Second Revision) Table 1.: $k (kN/m^3) = 240 c$, where $c (kN/m^2)$ is the value of cohesion of the soil at the concerned depth.

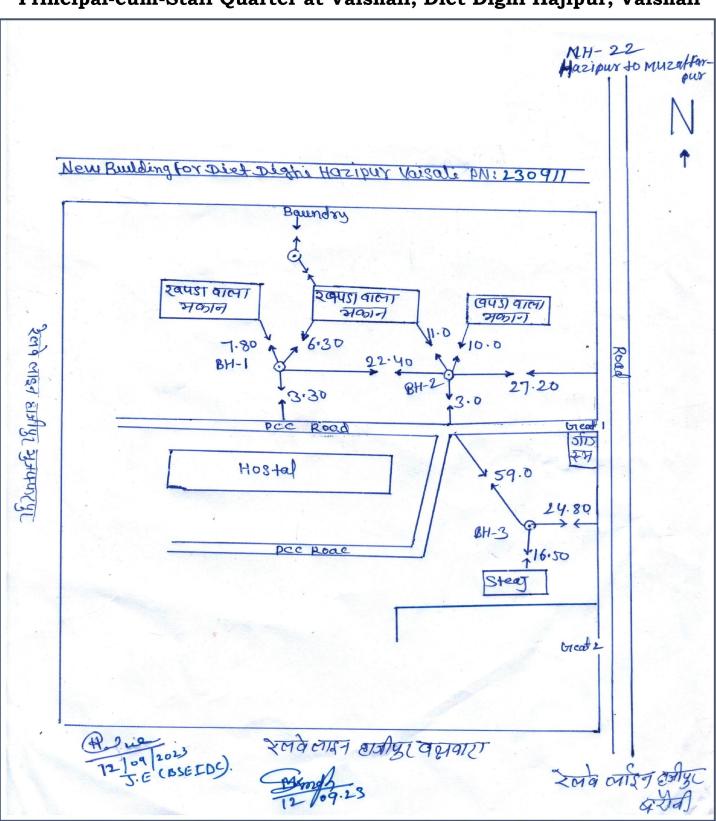
(b) <u>for cohesionless</u> soils the IS Code shall be consulted

Notes:

- 1. If a subsoil condition much different from those reported herein is met with during foundation trenching or piling, suitable steps should be taken.
- 2. If the depth of a shallow foundation is below the water table, dewatering of the foundation trench has to be done, and its side walls of may have to be suitably supported at the time of the construction of the foundation.
- 3. In case a basement is being provided, its base and side walls have to be safeguarded against the likely ingress of ground-water.
- 4. If concreting for a pile has to be done under water, DMC and tremie method of concreting should be adopted.
- 5. As per the provisions of the IS Code, an appropriate number of piles must be subjected to routine load tests to check the veracity of the above recommended values of the safe capacities of piles.

For Bihar Foundation Consultants

(Prof. C.N. Sinha, Dr.-Ing., FIE) Chief Consultant.



Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, Diet Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali

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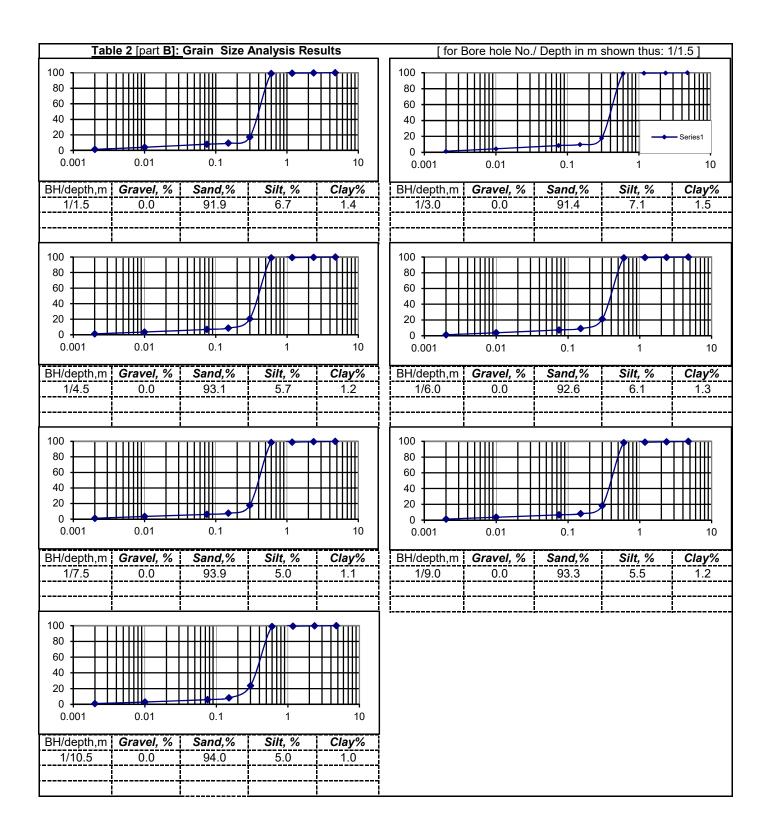
Appendix - A

			estigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH D/	ATE : 12.0	9.2023		WATER 1	TABLE	: 1.50 m bg	jl .	
			l, Educational Building and Principal-cum- t Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali				BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE HO	OLE NO. :	1	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	TION DEI	PTH : 10.8	ōm		RECORD	ON	: 12.09.2	023	
- (m)		SPT 'N' Value		Dept	th(m)				%	n/cm3)	e Content			Shear Te	st	dex (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification			Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	Compression Index (C _c)
Dep	San	Obsr.		from	to	Thio	Liqu	Pla	Pla	Bull	Nat (%)	Spe	Тур	Coh kg/e	Fric ¢°	Cor
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	9								1.90	30.5	2.63		0.00	28.0	
2.5																
3.0	S2	10								1.90	30.6	2.63		0.00	28.0	
4.0																
4.5	S3	12								1.90	30.8	2.63		0.00	28.2	
5.5			Greyish silty sand, SM-SP			10.5										
6.0	S4	15				10.0				1.89	31.3	2.62		0.00	28.5	
7.0																
7.5	S5	17								1.88	31.9	2.62		0.00	28.7	
8.5																
9.0	S6	20								1.88	32.2	2.62		0.00	29.0	
10.0																
10.5	S7	23			10.5					1.87	32.9	2.62		0.00	29.3	

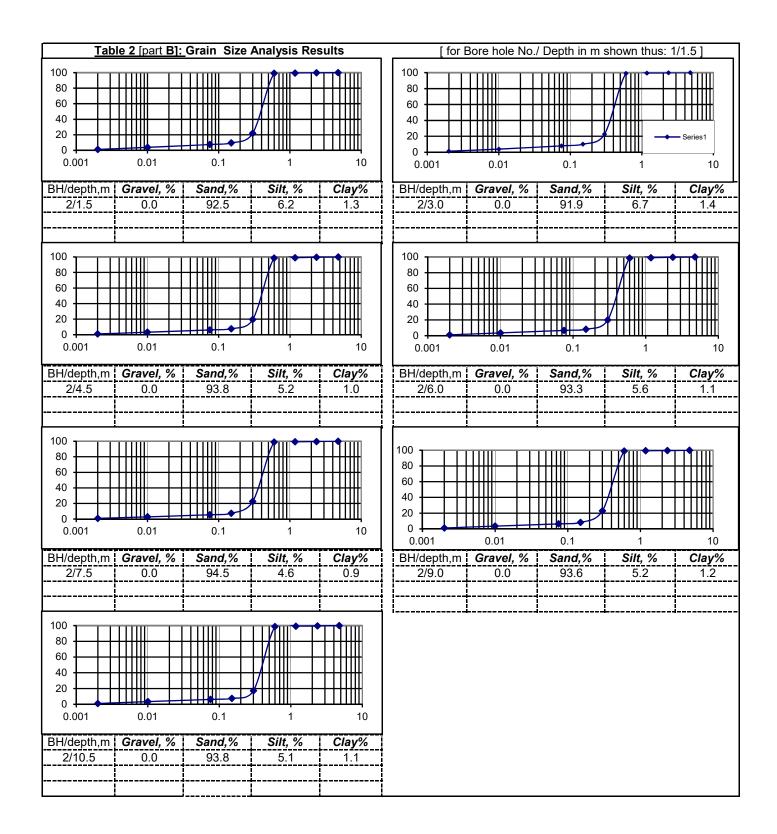
			estigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH DA	ATE : 12.0	9.2023		WATER	TABLE	: 1.50 m bg	jl .	
			l, Educational Building and Principal-cum- t Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali				BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE H	DLE NO. :	2	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	TION DEI	PTH : 10.5	ōm		RECORD	ON	: 12.09.2	023	
(m) -		SPT 'N' Value		Dept	(rectified on the second secon		Shear Te	st	dex (C _c)							
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dop		Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	Compression Index (C _c)
Dep	San	Obsr.		from	to	Thic	Liqu	Plas	Plas	Bulk	Natı (%)	Spe	Тур	Coh kg/c	Fric ¢°	Con
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	8								1.91	30.4	2.64		0.00	28.0	
2.5																
3.0	S2	9								1.90	30.5	2.63		0.00	28.0	
4.0																
4.5	S3	12								1.90	30.8	2.63		0.00	28.2	
5.5			Greyish silty sand, SM-SP			10.5										
6.0	S4	15	Greyish silly sand, Sill-Sr			10.5				1.89	31.3	2.62		0.00	28.5	
7.0																
7.5	S5	16								1.89	31.4	2.62		0.00	28.6	
8.5																
9.0	S6	19								1.88	32.1	2.62		0.00	28.9	
10.0																
10.5	S7	20			10.5					1.88	32.2	2.62		0.00	29.0	

			estigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH DA	ATE : 13.0	9.2023		WATER	TABLE	: 1.30 m bg	jl -	
			l, Educational Building and Principal-cum- et Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali				BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE HO	OLE NO. :	3	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	TION DEI	PTH : 10.5	ōm		RECORD	ON	: 13.09.2	023	
- (m)		SPT 'N' Value		Dep	th(m)				%	n/cm3)	e Content			Shear Te	st	dex (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification		Depui(iii)		Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	Compression Index (C _c)
Dep	San	Obsr.		from	to	Thickness (m)	Liqu	Pla	Pla	Bull	Nat (%)	Spe	Тур	Coh kg/c	Fric ¢°	Cor
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	9	Greyish sand, SP			3.0				1.90	30.5	2.63		0.00	28.0	
2.5			Greyish Sahu, Sr			3.0										
3.0	S2	14			3.0					1.89	31.2	2.62		0.00	28.4	
4.0				3.0												
4.5	S3	16								1.89	31.4	2.62		0.00	28.6	
5.5																
6.0	S4	18								1.88	32.0	2.62		0.00	28.8	
7.0			Greyish silty sand, SM-SP			7.5										
7.5	S5	21	Greyish sitty sand, Siv-Sr			7.5				1.87	32.7	2.62		0.00	29.1	
8.5																
9.0	S6	24								1.87	33.2	2.62		0.00	29.4	
10.0																
10.5	S7	25			10.5					1.86	33.6	2.62		0.00	29.5	

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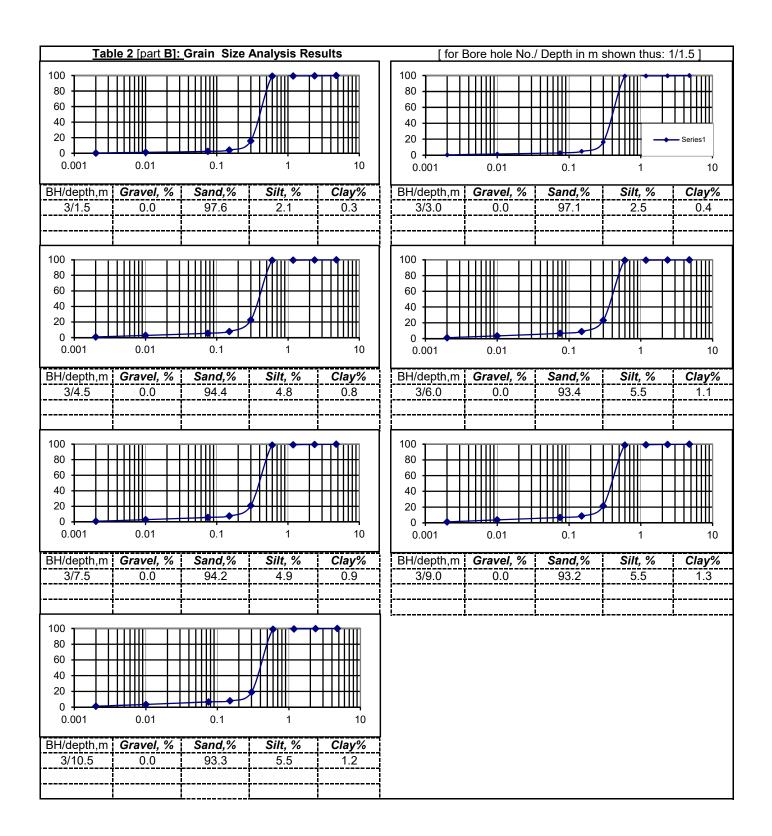


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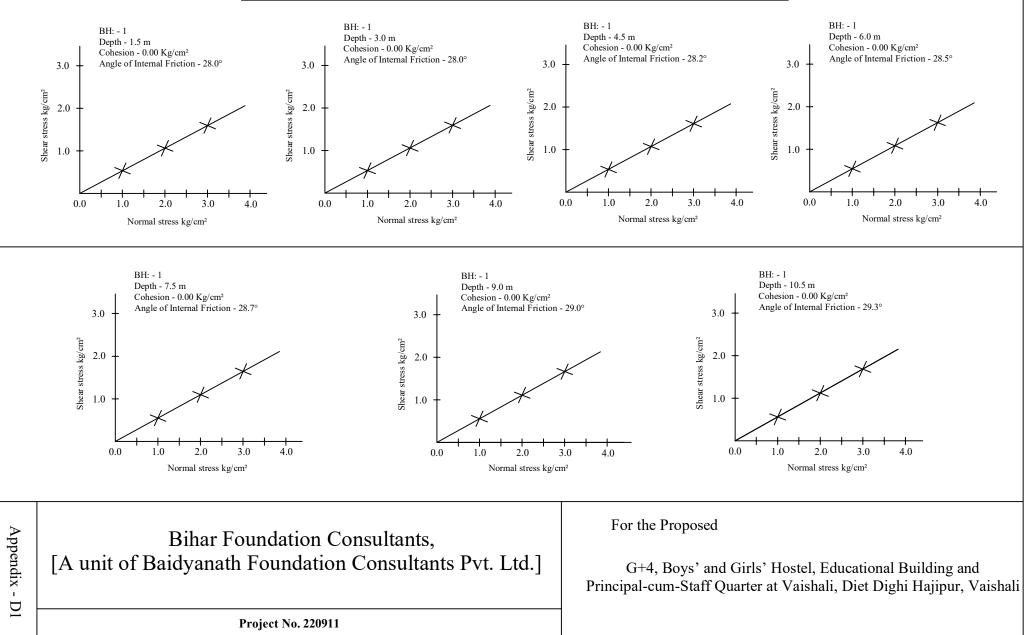


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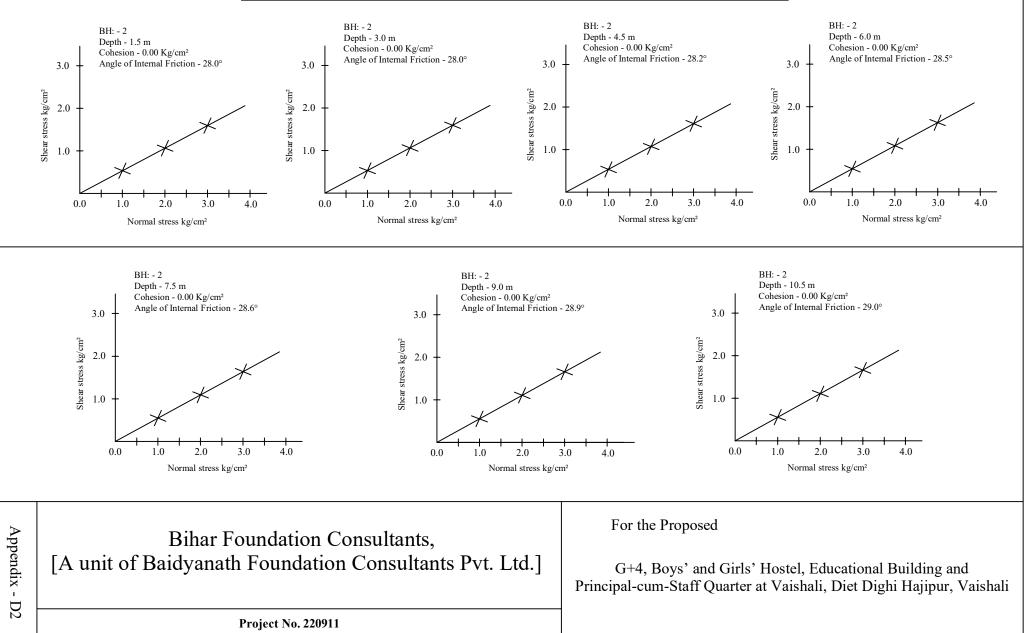
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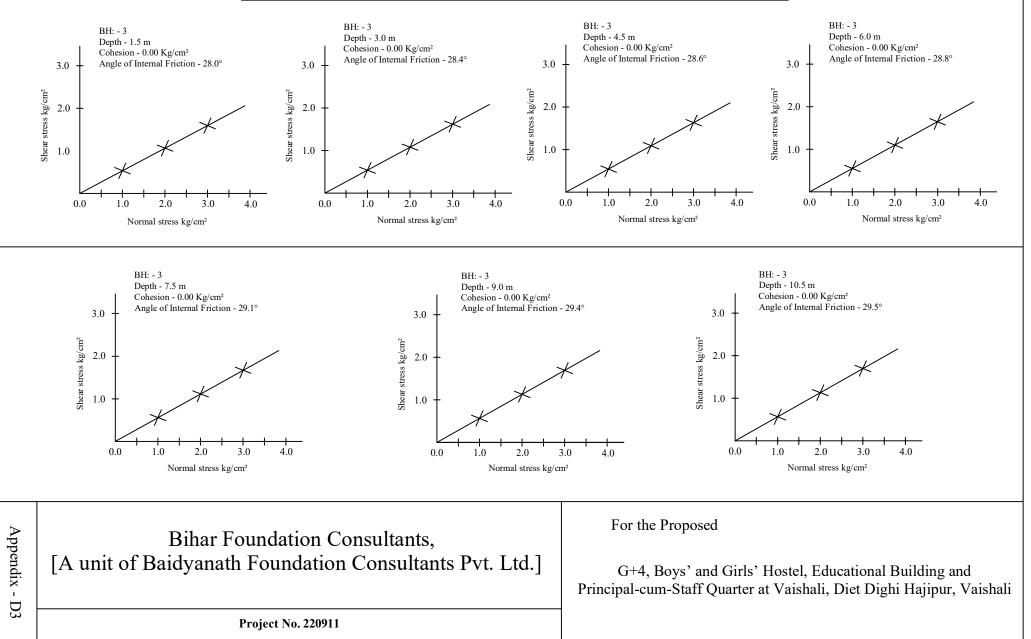
TRIAXIAL / DIRECT SHEAR TEST PLOTS



TRIAXIAL / DIRECT SHEAR TEST PLOTS



TRIAXIAL / DIRECT SHEAR TEST PLOTS



Report on Sub Soil Investigation for the proposed Construction of

G+4, Boys' and Girls' Hostel, Educational Building and Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, DIET Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali

SAMPLE CALCULATION OF BEARING CAPACITY OF SHALLOW FOUNDATION

The determination of the **net safe bearing capacity**, q_{ns} , is done first on the basis of the shear failure criterion after dividing the value of the **net ultimate bearing capacity** q_{nf} , calculated as described below, by a suitable factor of safety. The **net soil pressure**, q_s , for a given permissible settlement is then calculated as explained in the next section. The lower of the two values, q_{ns} and q_s , thus determined is taken as the **allowable bearing capacity** of the soil.

1. <u>Shear Failure Criterion</u>. The net ultimate bearing capacity q_{nf} (t/m²) of a shallow foundation of breadth B (m) and depth D (m) is given as per IS:6403-1981 (Sec.5.1.2) by the following equation :

 $q_{nf} = c N_c s_c d_c I_c + q (N_q - 1) s_q d_q I_q + 0.5 \gamma B N_\gamma s_\gamma d_\gamma I_\gamma w$

where $c = cohesion (t/m^2)$

 $q = effective surcharge (t/m^2)$

 γ = unit weight of subsoil (t/m³)

 N_c , N_γ , N_q = bearing capacity factors, which are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil

 s_c, s_q, s_γ = shape factors

 d_c , d_q , d_γ = depth factors I_c , I_q , I_γ = inclination factors \int related to cohesion, surcharge and density of subsoil respectively

w = water table factor (= 0.5 to 1.0) depending on the depth, D_w of water table-vide Table below.

The bearing capacity factors (N's) are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil. Their values are found for general shear failure by referring to standard tables. If subsoil conditions are such as to lead to local shear failure, the values of these factors are found for a reduced value of angle of internal friction (ϕ ') given by the equation : tan ϕ ' = 0.67 tan ϕ . The value of cohesion is also reduced to c' = 0.67 c.

s _c =	1.3 1+0.2B/L	1	$d_c = 1+0.2 (N\varphi)$) ^{0.5} D/ B		D _w at	G.L.	Fou'dn.Level
s _q =	1.2 1+0.2B/L	1	$d_q = d_y = 1$	for	$\varphi\!<\!10^{o}$	w =	0.5	1
\mathbf{s}_{γ} =	0.8//0.6 1-0.4B/L	1	$d_{q} = d_{\gamma} = 1 + 0.1 (N\varphi)$	^{0.5} D/ B	$\varphi > 10^{o}$	Int	erpolation	between
FOR	sq.// O Rect.	STRIP	I_c , I_q , $I_\gamma = 1$ for vertical	l load		the	ese values	is linear.

The values of the other factors for usual conditions are as tabulated below :

In the present case, the representative values of cohesion \mathbb{C} and angle of internal friction (ϕ)of the soil may be obtained from the soil data given earlier.

One example of calculation for a certain depth and width of a strip or square footing is given in the **Table A** on the next page. Full submergence of the soil has been assumed. The **safe bearing capacity**, q_{ns} has been obtained by dividing q_{nf} by a **safety factor**, **3**. The net safe bearing capacity for a footing of the selected size and depth of footing is to be seen in its last column. Calculations of safe bearing capacities for other depths and widths of footings are done similarly.

2 Calculation of allowable bearing capacity based on settlement criterion

The net soil pressure, q_s (t/m²) for a permissible settlement of 25 mm is give by Teng's formula:

$$\mathbf{q}_{s} = 3.5 [N'' - 3] \begin{bmatrix} (B + 0.3)/2 B \end{bmatrix}^{2} w' F_{d} t/m^{2}$$

where

N'' = corrected value of N from SPT

 $F_d = [1 + D/B] < or = 2$

D, B and w' are as defined before.

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For a permissible settlement of **S** mm, the allowable bearing capacity

$$\mathbf{q's} = \mathbf{S} \, \mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{s}} / 25$$

The corrected SPT N" values used in the calculations based on the above formula for different depths below G.L. may be found from the recorded data.

The N" value used in any case is to be for the influence zone below the footing, which depends on its width. A sample of calculation of the allowable soil pressure for the chosen size and depth of footing and for the permissible settlement is given in **Table B** in the next section.

The net allowable bearing pressure will be the lower of the values of bearing pressures found in the two Tables A and B.

Table A

Calculation of Net Safe Bearing Pressure [based on shear failure criterion]

Shape	e of		F.S.=	γ, t/m³=		c =	$\mathbf{\phi} =$	Nc =	Nq =	$N_{\gamma} =$
Found	lation:	STRIP	3		1.91	0	28.0	25.80	14.72	16.72
			dq =				-	111		
D [m]	B [m]	dc	dg	с	q	Term	Term	Term	qnf	qnf /F
1.5	2	1.25	1.125	0	1.433	0.00	22.11	17.94	40.05	13.35

Table B

Calculation of Net Allowable Bearing Pressure [based on settlement criterion]

D	В	Fd =	N"	w'	q _{s =25}	S	q _{s = S}
m	m				t/m ²	mm	t/m ²
1.5	2.0	1.75	6.5	0.5	3.5439	50	7.0878

The value of allowable bearing pressure from the above Table for s = The value of safe bearing capacity from shear criterion as found

Hence the allowable bearing pressure for settlement, s= or <

The adjoining Table and the comments												
below it are for a footing of depth, D = 1.5 m, and width, B [m] = 2.0												
50 mm is =	7.1 t/m ²											
from Table A =	= 13.4 t/m ²											
mm will be =	7.1 t/m ²											

The calculations for other depths and widths of footing are similar.

50

	G+4 Bo	ve' and	l Girle'	Hos	tol Er			-	-			r the prop			Diahi Ha	jipur, Vaish	ali
	<u>G+4, B</u> 0	ys and										es 6.3.1.1			Digili na	jipur, vaisii	<u>an</u>
				Das		10.2911	(Farti,	Jec. 2)				, in t/m ² and			$ation (+^{0})$		
								_	•				•		,		
WHEN	Pile diameter, I	D (m)=		0	.30	Area of	•	-	. ,				nce (in m)	of pile ba	ase, j =	3.14 x D =	0.942
						-	Surface	area of pi	le's conta	ct with se	oil, A (m²)	= j x t	where t = th	ickness o	f soil layer i	in contact with p	oile.
In CLAY:	Skin friction in	clay, Qs				End bear	ing, Q _b =	A _p C _p N _c	; ,		In SAND:	Skin friction	n, Qs = KP _{mid}	A tan δ, wh	ere	K =	1.5
			$= \alpha c$	Α.			where				and $\delta =$		End bearin			+ PtipNa).	
where Reduct	tion factor, α,dep	ends on c.		'	2			-				•		-	• • •	the case be,	
	B of the above		-	-										-		n from the IS Co	ode
			10.201				Let fac	ctor of sa	afetv in			*Max'm perr				X pile diamete	
Fotal I IItin	nate capacity	of nile	• Ou =	Os -	- Oh			$n, f_s =$	-			=	4.5		6	-	t/m [∠] .
	icity of pile, (-										_		to	-	∧ ∤ _{sub} t/m.	4111 .
Sale Capa	icity of plie, t	251 -		T QD	b)		Dean	ng, $t_{b} =$	3				4.05	to	5.4	UIII .	
Donth of	Coil turo -							D	Dorres	iaaibla	A –		0	Oh	0	Oct	Dile
Depth of soil layer	Soil type	v .	с	α	Ø	+	р= γхι	P _{tip}		ssible	A =	Qs' (for	Qs =	Qb	Qu	Qsf [runded off]	Pile Length
•		Ysub	-	-	1		-	=∑p	P _{tip}	P _{mid}	jxt	1 layer)	ΣQs'		l .		U
(m)		t/m ³	t/m ²	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	[m]	t/m ²	t/m ²	t/m ²	t/m ²	m ²	t	t	<u>t</u>	t	tonnes	m
0.0-0.5	silty sand					0.5	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0		dered due to		-	-		0.5
0.5-2.0	silty sand	0.91	0.00		28.00	1.5	1.37	1.37 3.17	1.4 3.2	0.7	1.41	0.77	0.77	1.59	2.36		2.0
<u>2.0-4.0</u> 4.0-6.0	silty sand silty sand	0.90	0.00		28.05 28.25	2.0 2.0	1.80 1.80	<u>3.17</u> 4.97	<u>3.2</u> 4.1	2.3 4.1	1.88 1.88	3.41 6.15	4.18 10.32	3.55 4.67	7.73 15.00	2.6 5.0	<u>4.0</u> 6.0
6.0-8.0	silty sand	0.90	0.00	-	28.60	2.0	1.78	6.75	4.1	4.1	1.88	6.24	16.56	4.83	21.39	7.1	8.0
8.0-10.0	silty sand	0.88	0.00		28.90	2.0	1.76	8.51	4.1	4.1	1.88	6.31	22.87	4.89	27.76	9.3	10.0
				-													
																	-
				Qb	for ϕ		Q b for	с									
Depth,d	γsub	¢°	* N _v		* N _q	# Q b	C	# Q b									
, ,	1000				Ч												
4.0	0.90	28.25	17.33		5.13	3.55	0.00	0.00									
6.0	0.89	28.60	18.24		5.73	4.67	0.00	0.00									
8.0 10.0	0.88	28.90	19.06		6.26 6.44	4.83 4.89	0.00	0.00									
10.0	0.88	29.00	19.34		0.44	4.89	0.00	0.00								┨────┤	
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G+4, Boys' and Girls' Hostel, Educational Building and Principal-cum-Staff Quarter at Vaishali, Diet Dighi Hajipur, Vaishali



DIET Dighi Hajipur. Vaishali में बालिका छात्रावास, बालक छात्रावास, शैक्षणिक भवन, प्रींसीपल–सह–स्टॉफ र्क्वाटर के G+4 भवन निर्माण प्रस्तावित है। इस भवन निर्माण स्थल पर मिट्टी जाँच कराना है।

अतः अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त स्थल का तीन बिन्दुओं पर आवश्यक गहराई तक प्रत्येक आवश्यकतानुसार मीटर गहराई में मिट्टी का नमूना संग्रह कर प्रतिवेदन समर्पित करें साथ ही विहित प्रपन्न में मिट्टी के भार वहन की क्षमता की गणना (Isolated एवं Pile Foundation के लिए अलग—अलग) भी Hard copy एवं Soft copy (C.D.) में समर्पित करें।

इस जाँच को इस तरह सम्पादित करें कि Transportation and Mobilization खर्च कम से कम हो। कार्य स्थल पर संपर्क व्यक्ति, कार्य से संबंधित प्राचार्य / संबंधित कार्यपालक अभियंता रहेंगे।

> विश्वासभाजन **१.१९/२२** मुख्य अभियंता BSEIDC. पटना।

Bihar Foundation Consultants, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna -10. [A unit of Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.]



Appendix -G